



MICRO
PLANT



filament



Techniques needed and plant shape

Classification

Phylum: Rhodophyta; Order: Ceramiales;
Family: Ceramiaceae; Tribe: Callithamnieae
two-sided red tufts

***Descriptive name**

Features

Special requirements



plants red-brown, to 80mm tall, of tufted threads, side branches in one plane
view microscopically to find:

- main branches (axes) of box-shaped cells naked (*ecorticate*) near plant tips, clothed (corticated) by thread-like rhizoids lying *in the sheaths* of cells in lower parts, *forked* (dichotomous) in one plane (*alternately pinnate*), ending in a short conical or pointed (spinous) cell
- tetrasporangia, divided tetrahedrally, in small clusters on side branches, single or paired on *short* stalks (pedicels)

Occurrences

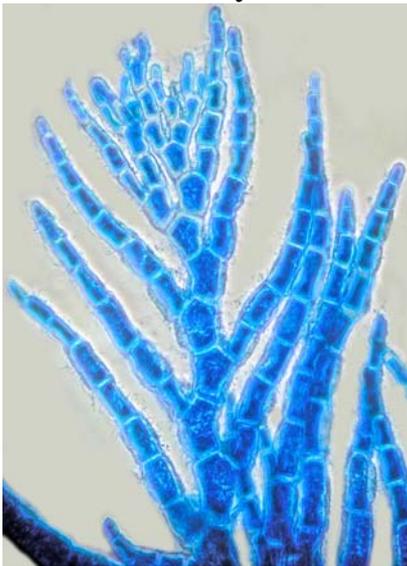
Usual Habitat

Similar Species

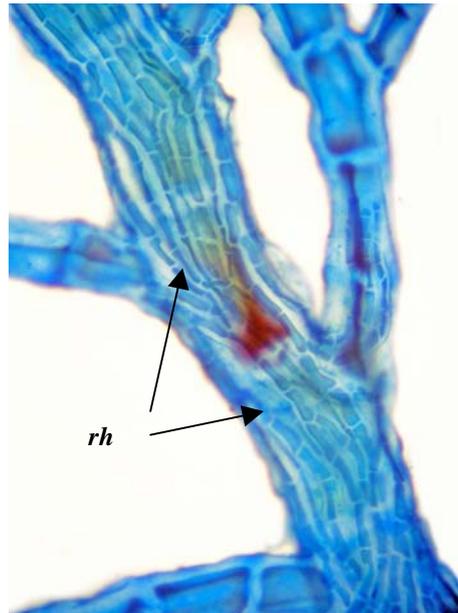
Victoria only, at Pt Phillip Heads and Warnambool
(epiphytic) on *Caulerpa brownii* and *Laurencia* in shallow water
Callithamnion obstipum and *C. violaceum* also have 2-sided branching but these species have no cortication, and tetrasporangia are stalkless

Description in the Benthic Flora Part IIIC, pages 234, 236-237

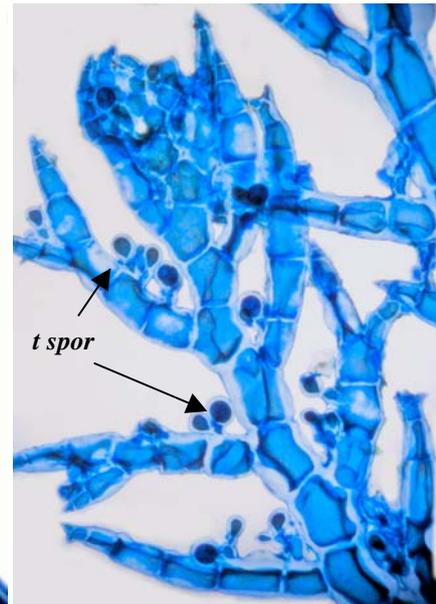
Details of Anatomy



1.



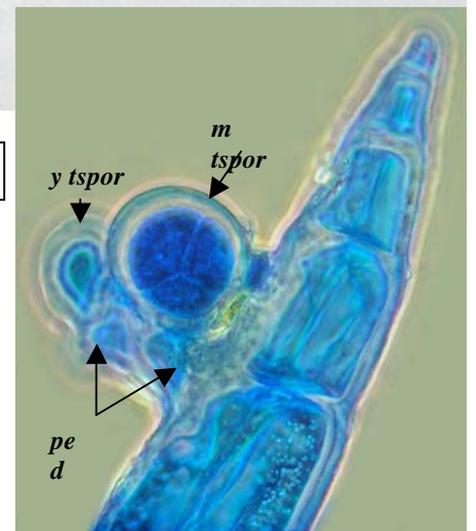
2.



3.

Callithamnion pinnatum, stained blue and viewed microscopically showing

1. 2-sided (alternately pinnate) branching pattern (A22945 slide 15685)
- 2, 3 A18379 slide 9075
2. clothing (cortication) of thread-like rhizoids (*rh*) lying within the sheath of lower branches
3. single or paired tetrasporangia (*t spor*) in clusters on short stalks (pedicels)



4. *Callithamnion pinnatum* Womersley, A38053, from Egg I., Nuyts Archipelago, S Australia, 32-38m deep.

5. A18379 slide 9075 stained blue and viewed microscopically to show conical apical cell, mature and young tetrasporangia (*m tspor*, *y tspor*) on short stalks (pedicels, *ped*)