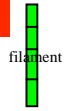


Techniques needed and plant shape



MICRO  
PLANT



Classification

Phylum: Rhodophyta; Order: Bangiales; Family: Bangiaceae

\*Descriptive name

mussel fuzz

Features



Plants consist of *fine red-brown threads* attached to black mussel shells by microscopic rhizoids

Special requirements



View the threads microscopically to find:

1. threads are *unbranched* with single lines of *box-shaped* cells near the plant base, becoming flat, *disc-shaped* in the thread middle and 2-6 cells wide in upper parts.
2. cells of threads have a common and *thick* sheath.
3. female plants have fertile cells (carpogonia) some of which show *beaked* protrusions (prototrichogynes) for capturing spermata.
4. the products of fertilisation (carposporangia) occur in packets of 4-16 and are about 10µm across
5. male plants have spermata about 2µm across in *elongate packets* of 16-32.

Usual Habitat

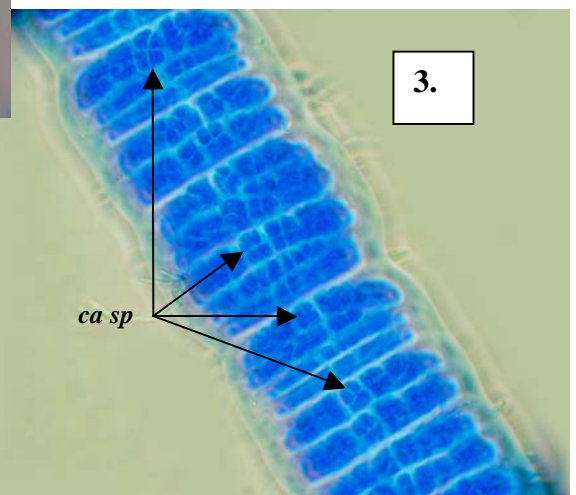
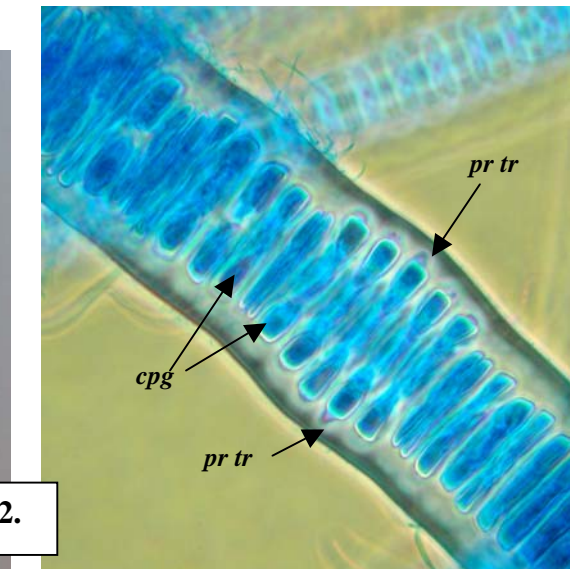
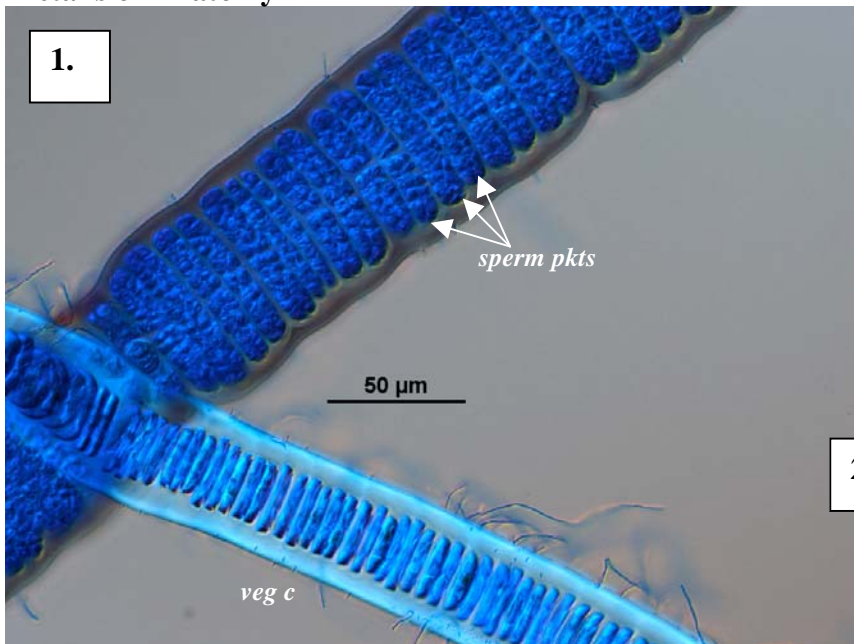
only known from a single collection at Warrnambool, Victoria, on shells in sand in the lower intertidal

Similar Species

*Bangia atropurpurea* subsp. *atropurpurea*, but that is found higher in the intertidal on rock, has oblong and not disc-shaped cells. (Spermata are also in square, not elongate packets.)

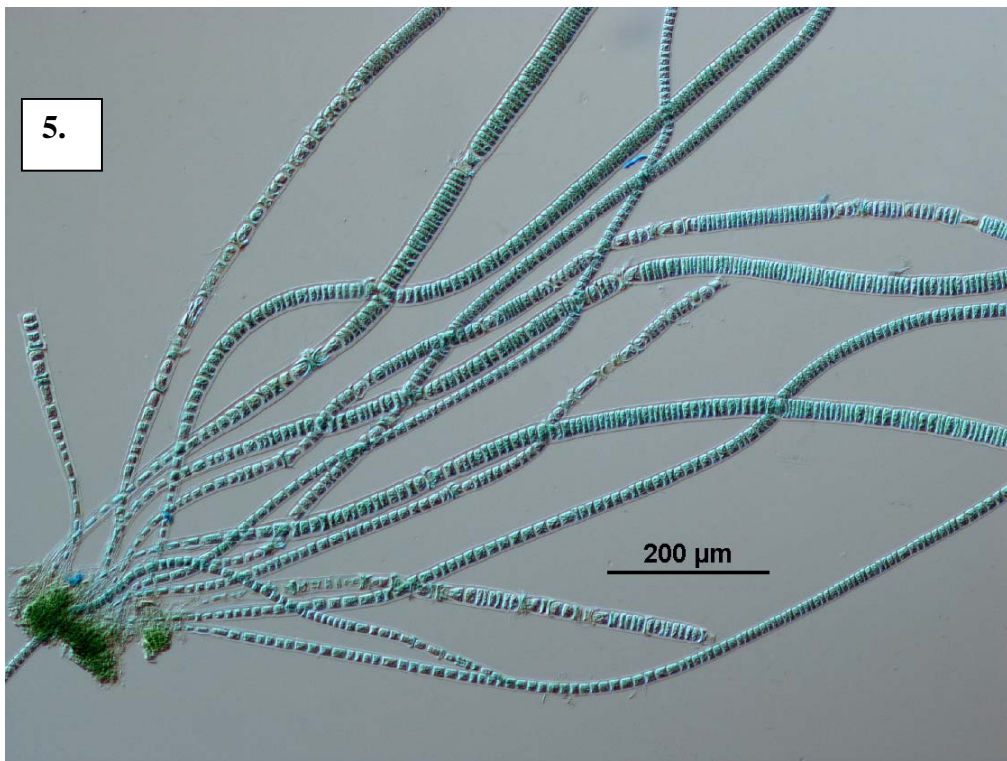
Description in the Benthic Flora Part IIIA, pages 35, 36

Details of Anatomy



*Bangia atropurpurea* subsp. *brevissegmenta* (A57022)  
stained blue and viewed microscopically

1. comparison of disc-shaped vegetative cells (*veg c*) and elongate male spermatangial packets (*sperm pkts*) (slide 10582)
2. female structures – carpogonia (*cpg*) some with stubby prototrichogynes (*pr tr*) that capture spermata (slide 10581)
3. products of fertilisation - carposporangia (*ca sp*) in bunches of 4's (slide 10581)



*Bangia atropurpurea* subsp. *brevisegmenta* Womersley (A57022) on *Xenostrobus pulex* from Warrnambool, Victoria.

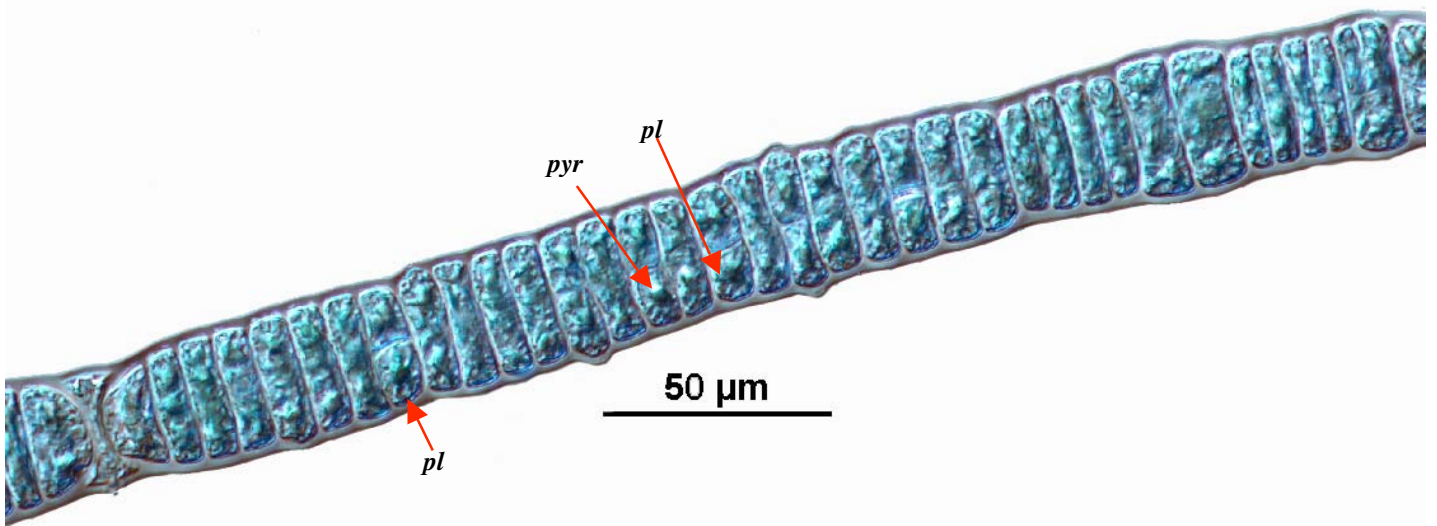
4. preserved (bleached) specimens on a half-shell

5-7. specimens stained blue, and viewed microscopically:

5. dissected threads, showing single rows of box-shaped cells near their bases, disc-shaped cells above (slide 9671)

6. threadlike extensions of cells (arrowed) towards the plant base acting as rhizoids attaching the plant to the mussel shell (slide 10582)

7. detail of cell dimensions and star-shaped plastids (*pl*) with bright centres (pyrenoids, *pyr*) (slide 9671)



\* Descriptive names are inventions to aid identification, and are not commonly used  
 Algae Revealed” R N Baldock, S Australian State Herbarium January 2010